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House Hyproproduces Commettee

## House, by 407 to 1, Votes \$70.3-Billion For Defense in '68 Minister of Israel.

By MARJORIE HUNTER Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, June 13 The House passed today a Texas, who is chairman of the \$70.3-billion defense money bill Appropriations Committed sald described by leaders as the largest single he called the largest money bill legislative appropriation world history.

single vote against was cast ent. At one point the few memby George E. Brown Jr., Democrat of Callfornia,

Included is \$20.3-billion attributable to the war in Vietnam, However, both Democrats and Republicans predicted that additional billions of dollars would have to be appropriated later to finance the war in the fiscal year starting July 1.

The House shouted down an effort by Mr. Brown, a war by 5 per cent.

The House Appropriations Committee had earlier cut \$1.3billlon from the Administration's \$71.6-billion request, but none of this was for war-related programs.

The so-called war "hawks" had their say, too, demanding a sharp escalation of the war. If necessary, the United States should drop the atomic bomb on North Victnam, said George Andrews, Democrat of Alabama

"Why, North Vietnam isn't ss big as the State of New Jersham is the bill to the floor. While resey," he said. "If we can't ports have no force of law, they whip a little country like that executive departments not to the the we ought to beat our ignore Congressional demands. swords into plowshares."

Another Southern Democrat Robert L. F. Sikes of Florida, suggested that the Pentagon "take a few lessons" from Is-

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rael on how to win a war.

"Whatever it is that oneeyed general has, we need it, too," he said, referring to Maj. Gen. Moshe Dayan, the Defense

The debate, which dragged on much of the day, was generally

drab.
"This is a memorable day," George H. Mahon, Democrat of Congressional as he opened the debate on what in in history.

Members drifted on and off The vote was 407 to 1, send- the floor. At times, less than 50 ing the bill to the Senate. The of the 434 members were prespers present were so noisy, as they chatted among themselves, that Daniel J. Flood, Democrat of Pennsylvania, rose indig-nantly and observed:

"There's so much mumbling and bumbling going on that we sound like a high school debating class."

## Rifle Training Backed

The House rejected an effort to prohibit the use of defense funds for subsistence and travel effort by Mr. Brown, a war expenses of civilians attending dove," to trim the over-all bill national or international rifle competitions.

The bill provides \$428,000 for the Army's National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice. The board, headed by Defense Under Secretary David E. Mc-Giffert, is in charge of building,

anitrert, is in charge of building, equipping and maintaining rifle teams. It also oversees travel of rifle teams to competitions.

The House applauded an Appropriations Committee directive to the Defense Department to defer the major reorganization of the Army's Passwag and tion of the Army's Reserve and National Guard forces an-nounced by the Pentagon last wcek.

The directive was in the committee report that accompanied

The report said that the department's reorganization plan, which would eliminate 15 lowpriority National Guard divi-sions should await approval by Congress.

While the bill is the largest single moncy measure in his-tory, it falls short of the 86.4billion defense appropriations in 1944, during World War II. At that time, Army and Navy funds were considered in separate

However, the new defense bill is well over twice as large as the \$34-billion appropriations measure that lumped together all Federal Government activitics in 1950.